## Math 131B-1: Homework 4

Due: February 3, 2014

- 1. Read Apostol Sections 4.8-9, 4.11-13, 4.15-17, 4.19-20. [Most of these are short.]
- 2. Do problems 4.21, 4.25, 4.28, 4.33, 4.38, 4.39 in Apostol.
- 3. We say that a subset S of a metric space M is *dense* if every open set in M contains a point of S.
  - Prove that if S is dense in M, every point of M is the limit of a sequence of points in S.
  - Prove that if  $f: (M, d_M) \to (T, d_T)$  and  $g: (M, d_M) \to (T, d_T)$  are two continuous functions from M to a metric space  $(T, d_T)$ , and f(s) = g(s) for all  $s \in S$ , then f = g on M.
- 4. Let  $f : X \to \mathbb{R}^n$  be a function such that  $f(x) = (f_1(x), \dots, f_n(x))$ . Show that f is continuous if and only if each function  $f_i : X \to \mathbb{R}$  is continuous.